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(71) Applicant(s)

Citibank N A (Incorporated in the USA) 399 Park Aveneue, New York, New York 10043, **United States of America**

(72) Inventor(s) Alan Slater (51) INT CL6 G07F 7/10, G06F 17/60

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(74) Agent and/or Address for Service Murgitroyd & Company 373 Scotland Street, GLASGOW, G5 8QA, **United Kingdom**

(54) Abstract Title

Performing an online transaction using card information and PIN

(57) A method of performing a financial transaction between a purchaser 12 and a supplier 14 comprises creating an electronic instruction 15 containing encrypted card information (39, Figure 3), including card and bank account details, encrypted security information, including a PIN (40, Figure 3) for the card, and transaction amount information, and operating on the instruction using a secure mechanism 74 providing verification of the purchaser's identity and the instruction integrity. Preferably the instruction is created on a personal computer (50, Figure 3) and the secure mechanism involves a digital signature, a digital certificate, or encrypting the instruction. Preferably in operation the purchaser transmits the created instruction over the internet 16, by email or a WWW browser, to the supplier, who may append payment instructions 17 to the instruction and perform further encryption or security operations 76 on the instruction. The supplier sends, via the internet 18, the instruction to a financial institution having online ATM/POS access 24 to the bank accounts of both the purchaser 28 and supplier 34. The institution decrypts the instruction, verifies the instruction integrity and purchaser's account details, and transfers the required sum from the purchaser's account, accessed via the online ATM/POS link 30, 36 using the purchasers card details and PIN, to the supplier's account. The institution then issues an authorisation message 32 to the supplier indicating the approval status of the transaction. A financial institution having online ATM/POS access to be used with such an instruction is also claimed.

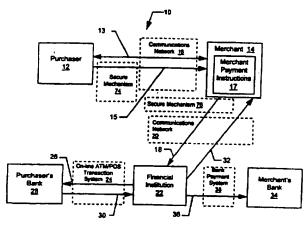


FIG. 1

At least one drawing originally filed was informal and the print reproduced here is taken from a later filed formal copy.

This print takes account of replacement documents submitted after the date of filing to enable the application to comply with the formal requirements of the Patents Rules 1995

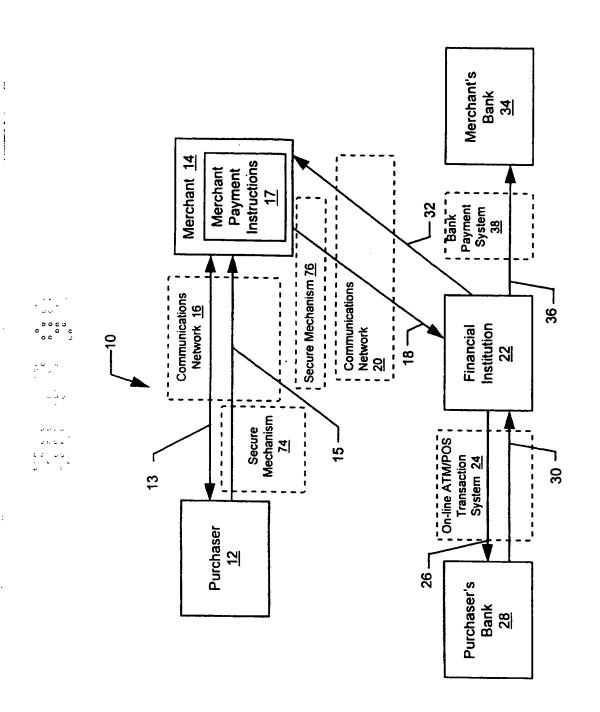


FIG.1

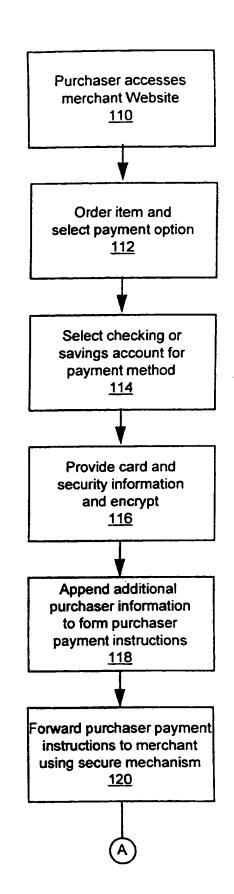


FIG.2A

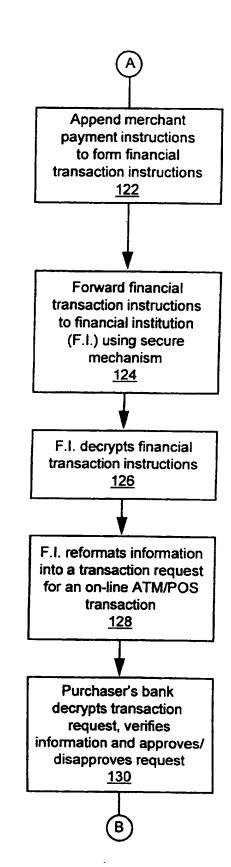
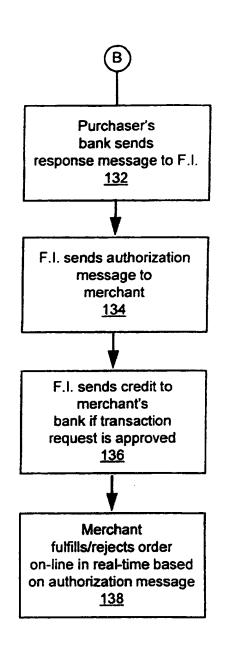


FIG.2B



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FIG.2C

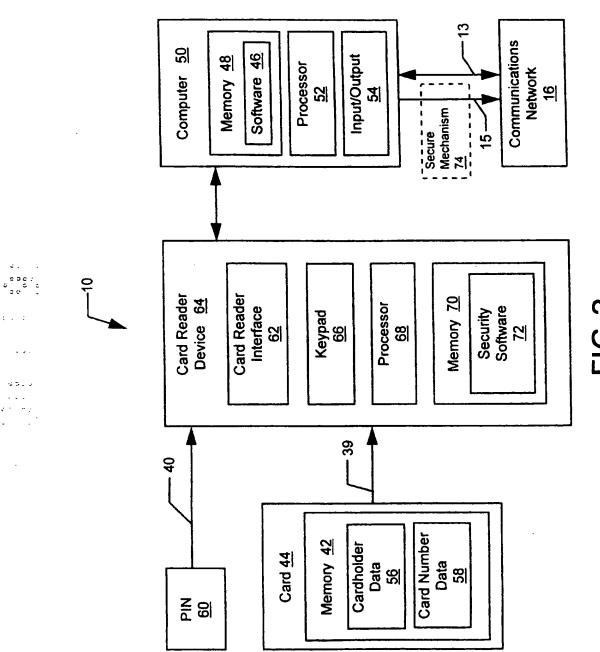


FIG.3

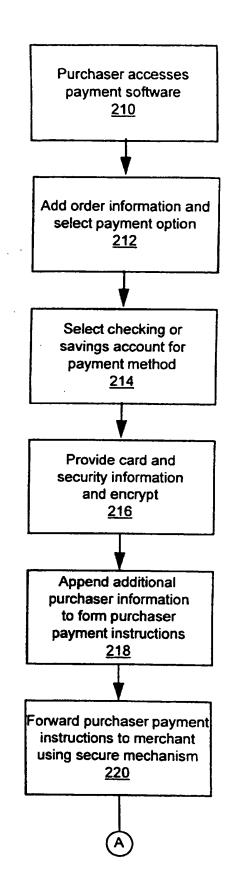


FIG.4A

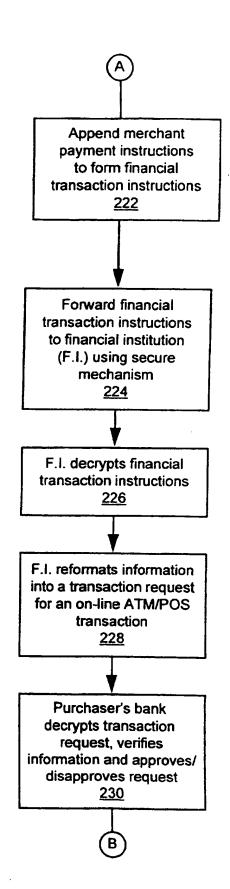


FIG.4B

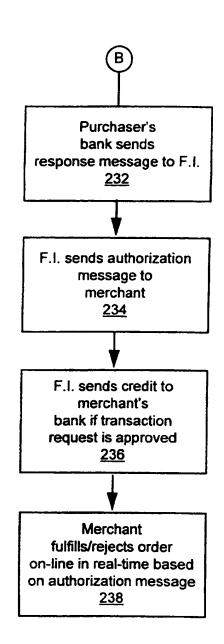


FIG.4C

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1 System And Method For Performing An Electronic 2 Financial Transaction 3 4 Cross-Reference to Related Applications 5 This application claims the benefit of U.S. 6 Provisional Application No. 60/072,878 filed January 7 28, 1998 and U.S. Provisional Application No. 8 60/097,501 filed August 21, 1998. 9 10 Background Of The Invention The present invention relates to electronic funds 11 transfer instruments, and more particularly, to 12 performing secure financial transactions over a public 13 access network using checking and savings account 14 15 funds. 16 17 With the increasing commercialization of the Internet, new methods of performing secure and 18 verifiable payment transactions are desired. The most 19 common methods in use today, for example, require a 20 21 purchaser to enter credit card or non-PIN-based debit 22 card information and send it, unsecured or secured by 23 encryption, to a merchant. The merchant decrypts the card information and uses it to complete the 24 25 transaction. This type of transaction is known as a

Mail Order Telephone Order (MOTO) transaction. MOTO 1 transactions are disadvantageous from a merchant 2 3 standpoint, however, because they are costly and risky. A merchant's cost for performing a MOTO transaction may 4 be 5% or more of the entire transaction amount. 5 transactions are risky because the merchant has no idea 6 with whom they are actually dealing. Because a 7 8 personal identification number (PIN) is not required, the only authorization-type of check that a merchant 9 can use in a MOTO transaction is to verify the mailing 10 address given by the purchaser with the issuing card 11 company's mailing address for the card number. Often, 12 13 the merchant must pay a fee to the card company to be supplied with this mailing address information. 14 Further, the merchant, as opposed to the card company, 15 assumes liability for a shipment in a MOTO transaction 16 if no address confirmation is obtained. 17

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For example, for a debit card linked to a credit card account, a consumer does not need to enter a PIN when they have a Visa or Mastercard logo on their debit card. The transaction is performed like a credit transaction, but the funds are taken out of their checking account. That transaction goes through the Visa/Mastercard credit network, and as a result the merchant pays the 5% or more discount fee because the transaction is treated like a credit card transaction even though it winds up being charged to a checking account. For the merchant, the transaction is settled along with other credit card transactions, with the settlement occurring usually the night of the transaction, or the following day. For the purchaser, the transaction may not be charged to their account for several days.

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A second type of POS transaction utilizes the

1 automated teller machine (ATM) network, making it a completely on-line and real time transaction. 3 type of on-line ATM/POS transaction is performed at ATM 4 machines or merchant POS terminals directly connected 5 to the ATM network. For this type of transaction, a purchaser dips or swipes their ATM, debit or check 7 card, enters their PIN, and the network recognizes this 8 as an on-line ATM/POS transaction and routes it through 9 . the same network that is used for ATM transactions. 10 part of that routing process, the network is set up to 11 route the transaction according to a Bank 12 Identification Number (BIN) included in a Primary 13 Account Number (PAN), which is the embossed number on 14 the card. The embossed number on the card is also 15 stored on the magnetic stripe of the card, or for a 16 smart card, within the memory of the microcomputer chip on the card. 17 The BIN consists of the first six digits of the embossed number, according to International 18 19 Standards Organization (ISO) standard number ISO 7812. 20 Further, ISO provides the BIN numbers worldwide to 21 insure that there is no duplication. The BIN tells the 22 ATM network how to route the transaction so that it 23 gets back to the purchaser's bank, and each bank that accepts one of these on-line ATM/POS transactions has a 24 cross-reference between the embossed number and the 25 actual account number. The on-line ATM/POS transaction 26 creates an on-line authorization that verifies the card 27 28 number and PIN, and determines if the card is lost or 29 stolen or if the associated account is blocked. Further, the associated bank account is checked to 30 determine if there are sufficient funds to cover the 31 32 transaction amount. The transaction is then settled 33 the same business day through the ATM networks. 35 An on-line ATM/POS transaction is beneficial to

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both the purchaser and the merchant. For the purchaser

who would normally roll-over some or all of a credit 1 card transaction, the on-line ATM/POS transaction is 2 beneficial because it saves the purchaser from having 3 to pay finance charges. For the merchant, an on-line 4 ATM/POS transaction is beneficial because the cost to 5 the merchant for this type of transaction is based on a 6 fixed fee. The fixed fee is typically less than the 7 percentage of the transaction amount charged for credit 8 transactions, especially for transaction amounts over 9 about \$10-\$12 U.S. dollars. Thus, on-line ATM/POS 10 transactions are typically more desirable for the 11 merchant for these dollar amount transactions. 12

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Currently, the ATM network is not set up to handle the entry of a purchaser's actual account number into an ATM or merchant POS terminal and have that account number sent through the network. This is because the actual account number is not in the proper format and contains no routing instructions. Similarly, the ATM network cannot handle the direct entry of a bank's routing transit number followed by an account number, for the same reasons. Even though the BIN provides routing instructions, it is not the same number as a bank routing transit number, which is used to route paper checks, wire transfers and Automated Clearing House transactions. Thus, transactions utilizing merchant POS and ATM terminals are the only current methods commercially available for an on-line, real time financial transaction utilizing checking or savings account funds.

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In an effort to expand the available sources of payment, methods have been developed to utilize checking account funds to perform Internet transactions. These methods allow the use of "electronic checks" to perform transactions. One

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1 example of such an electronic check is the "echeck" 2 process established by the Financial Services Technology Consortium (FSTC). There are a number of 3 problems, however, associated with current electronic 4 check methods. For example, since the flow of the 5 6 current electronic check replicates the flow used for paper checks, there is a delay between the time that 7 the electronic check is endorsed and the time that the 8 electronic check is approved for payment. This delay 9 may be one or more days. For example, the electronic 10 11 check transaction flow goes from the purchaser to the 12 merchant to the check service provider. service provider issues a debit over the Automated 13 14 Clearing House (ACH) network or the Electronic Check Processing (ECP) to the purchaser's account. 15 or ECP debit may take a couple of days to get to the 16 17 purchaser's bank, depending on how long the check 18 service provider holds on to the money to gain float 19 revenue. Also, there is the possibility that the ACH or ECP debit may be returned (like a bounced check) if 20 21 there are not enough funds in the account. 22 result, the merchant typically must wait a number of 23 days to find out whether or not the funds are good, 24 thereby delaying fulfillment of the order. As such, 25 utilizing this type of electronic check creates 26 uncertainty for the merchant. as they are unsure if the 27 electronic check will be paid. Thus, despite the 28 transaction having the appearance to the purchaser of being on-line and real time, it takes several days for 29 30 their account to be charged and for the transaction to 31 be completely processed. 32 33

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Additionally, because the typical electronic check process replicates the paper check process, the transaction flow requires the merchant's bank to have the electronic check capability. For a consumer to be

1 able to use this type of electronic check, however, the 2 consumer must be a member of a bank or financial 3 institution that offers this service. Over the next 5 to 10 years, however, only a few dozen financial 4 institutions are estimated to participate in issuing 5 6 electronic checks. Because of this limited participation, the majority of purchasers will not have 7 8 access to electronic checks from the financial 9 institution with whom they have an account relationship. Thus, in turn, the number of purchasers 10 that a merchant can attract and serve with an 11 electronic check is limited. 12 13 14 Additionally, for example, not only must the 15 purchaser be a member of a participating financial 16 institution, but the merchant must set up procedures 17 for these types of transactions to deal with the limited number of participating financial institutions. 18 19 Due to the limited number of customers who would 20 utilize this payment method, a merchant may be 21 discouraged from expending the time and money to 22 establish such a system. 23 24 Another scheme requires the purchaser to deposit funds into a trusted third party's account before the 25 26 purchaser can perform a transaction. This scheme is fraught with inefficiencies. For example, 27 inefficiencies include the time wasted as purchaser 28 29 must plan ahead in order to deposit the funds, and also 30 the time wasted in finding a third party mutually trusted by the purchaser and the merchant. Thus, the 31 32 use of trusted third parties is not desirable for on-33 line, real time transactions. 34 35 Further, with the Internet serving a worldwide 36 market, there is a desire for allowing a purchaser

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using one currency to perform an on-line, real time financial transaction with a merchant using another The ATM network discussed above allows this currency. type of transaction to occur. For example, a United States citizen traveling in a foreign country can utilize their ATM debit card in a local ATM to get a designated amount of the local currency. functionality exists within the ATM network to convert the amount of local currency obtained into a corresponding amount of United States dollars and debit the appropriate amount.

 Currently, there is a need for low cost access to checking and savings accounts to perform financial transactions over the Internet. There is no current mechanism, however, that connects the ATM network to purchasers on the Internet. Most purchasers access the Internet from remote locations, such as personal computers at home or at a business. Meanwhile, access to the ATM network is typically provided only through ATM machines and POS merchant terminals directly connected to the network. Thus, there is currently no mechanism that allows purchasers and merchants using the Internet or electronic mail the real-time, on-line ATM/POS transaction functionality provided by the online ATM/POS transaction system.

Summary of the Invention

A preferred embodiment of the present invention comprises a system for a purchaser to perform an online ATM/POS financial transaction from a personal computer over a public access communications network utilizing a universally acceptable electronic financial transaction instruction that debits a purchaser's checking or savings account. The financial transaction

1 instruction is provided in a secured format for 2 transactions sent over the public access communications 3 network, which is external from an on-line ATM/POS 4 transaction system. The system of the present 5 invention utilizes card and security information to authenticate the purchaser and validate their authority 6 to initiate the financial transaction instruction to 7 8 debit the identified account. Further, the system 9 utilizes a secure mechanism to protect the card and 10 security information as it is transmitted over the public access network to a financial institution 11 12 providing access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction 13 system. The system of the present invention 14 advantageously does not require an account relationship 15 between the purchaser, the merchant, and the financial 16 institution providing access to the on-line ATM/POS 17 system. Further, the system beneficially does not require the bank used by the purchaser and/or the bank 18 used by the merchant to have the capability to perform 19 financial transaction instructions over the Internet. 20 21 Additionally, the system is compatible with current 22 financial transaction systems, thus making the present financial transaction instruction a universally 23 24 acceptable on-line ATM/POS transaction from a source 25 external from the on-line ATM/POS transaction system. 27 According to a preferred embodiment, a method of

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performing a financial transaction between a purchaser and a merchant, comprises creating purchaser payment instructions comprising encrypted, electronic representations of a purchaser transaction amount, card information and security information. The card information identifies a checking or savings account at purchaser's bank and the security information comprises a personal identification number associated with the identified card number for authorizing its use in an

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on-line ATM/POS transaction. The card information and 1 2 the security information must be encrypted, using an 3 encryption method dictated by on-line ATM/POS transaction system standards. The purchaser payment 4 5 instructions are protected by a first secure mechanism, 6 such as encryption or digital signature. The digital 7 signature of the purchaser provides verification of the 8 identity of the purchaser and the integrity of the 9 purchaser payment instruction. The purchaser payment instructions are electronically delivered to the 10 merchant, such as over a public access network like the 11 12 Internet. Merchant payment instructions are appended to the purchaser payment instructions to create 13 financial transaction instructions. 14 The merchant 15 payment instructions comprise merchant identification and merchant deposit account identification used in 16 performing the transaction. The financial transaction 17 18 instructions are protected by a second secure mechanism, such as with encryption and/or by the 19 20 digital signature of the merchant. The merchant's digital signature provides verification of the 21 merchant's identity and of the integrity of the 22 23 financial transaction instructions. A digital 24 certificate of the merchant may be appended to the 25 financial transaction instructions, where the 26 merchant's digital certificate provides additional 27 verification of the merchant's identity and the 28 integrity of the financial transaction instructions. 29 The financial transaction instructions are 30 electronically delivered, such as over the Internet, to 31 a financial institution offering access to the on-line 32 33 ATM/POS transaction system to perform the financial transaction. The financial institution removes and 34 35 reformats the encrypted financial transaction instructions to form an ATM/POS transaction request. 36

1	Reformatting the information comprises placing the
2	ATM/POS transaction request in a form accepted by the
3	on-line ATM/POS transaction system. The ATM/POS
4	transaction request is electronically delivered to the
5	purchaser's bank through the on-line ATM/POS
6	transaction system. A response message is received at
7	the financial institution from the purchaser's bank
8	through the on-line ATM/POS transaction system, where
9	the response message is an approval if the financial
10	transaction is acceptable and a denial if the financial
11	transaction is unacceptable. An authorization message
12	is electronically delivered to the merchant to indicate
13	whether the response message is an approval or a
14	denial. If the response message is an approval, then
15	the identified account number is debited by the
16	transaction amount and a credit equivalent to the
17	transaction amount is sent to the merchant's deposit
18	account. Thus, the present invention provides a system
19	and method for a low cost, electronic financial
20	transaction instruction for an on-line ATM/POS
21	transaction from a source external from the on-line
22	ATM/POS transaction system utilizing checking or
23	savings account funds.
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26	Brief Description Of The Drawings
27	Fig. 1 is a schematic representation of one
28	embodiment of a system according to the present
29	invention;
30	Figs. 2A-2C are flow charts representing one
31	embodiment of a method of the present invention;
32	Fig. 3 is a more detailed schematic representation
33	of a portion of the system of Fig. 1; and
34	Figs. 4A-4C are flow charts representing another
35	embodiment of a method of the present invention.

Detailed Description Of The Invention

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The present invention comprises a system and 2 method for a purchaser to perform an on-line ATM/POS 3 transaction utilizing checking and savings account 4 funds from a transaction source external from the on-5 line ATM/POS transaction system, such as a personal 6 computer connected to the Internet. According to one 7 preferred embodiment of the present invention, 8 referring to Fig. 1, a system 10 for performing a 9 financial transaction comprises a purchaser 12 remotely 10 interacting 13 with a merchant 14 over a communications 11 network 16, such as a public access network like the 12 Internet and its World Wide Web or electronic mail (e-13 mail) protocols, and other similar networks. 14 12 provides merchant 14 with digitally signed and/or 15 encrypted, electronic purchaser payment instructions 16 Purchaser payment instructions 15 include 17 encrypted card information and security information. 18 19 Merchant 14 adds merchant payment instructions 17, such 20 as merchant identification and transaction amount 21 information, to purchaser payment instructions 15 to 22 form an electronic financial transaction instruction 18 23 that the merchant digitally signs and/or encrypts. 24 Financial transaction instructions 18 thus comprise 25 data suitable for performing an on-line ATM/POS transaction. Merchant 14 remotely transfers financial 26 27 transaction instruction 18 over communications network 20, which is similar or the same as communications 28 network 16, to a financial institution 22. 29 30 alternate embodiment, merchant 14 may send financial transaction instruction 18 to a merchant service 31 32 provider that handles the merchant's financial 33 transactions, which then forwards the financial transaction instruction to financial institution 22. 34 35 Financial institution 22 is a bank or other service 36 provider that provides purchaser 12 with indirect

1 access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system 24, 2 such as the ATM network. As such, financial 3 institution 22 removes the data suitable for performing 4 an on-line ATM/POS transaction from financial transaction instruction 18. Financial institution 22 5 6 formats the data into a standard ATM/POS transaction 7 request 26 and performs a standard ATM/POS transaction, 8 just like a transaction performed at an ATM or at a 9 merchant POS terminal. 10 11 As such, financial institution 22 sends 12 transaction request 26 to purchaser's bank 28 through 13 on-line ATM/POS transaction system 24. Purchaser's 14 bank 28 returns a response message 30 to financial 15 institution 22 comprising an authorization if 16 transaction request 26 is approved, or a denial if not 17 approved. Correspondingly, purchaser's bank 28 debits an account identified in transaction request 26 if the 18 သခိုင 19 request is approved. Financial institution 22 notifies 20 merchant 14 of the approval status of the financial transaction instruction 18 by sending an authorization 21 9 E 1 message 32 over network 20. Correspondingly, if the 22 transaction is approved, financial institution 22 23 provides merchant's bank 34 with a credit 36 through a 24 bank payment system network 38, such as the Automated 25 26 Clearing House (ACH). Upon receiving authorization message 32, merchant 14 may then complete the 27 28 transaction, if required. As a result, purchaser 12 and merchant 14 perform a financial transaction with a 29 30 guaranteed payment that is authorized in real time and on-line. Thus, the present invention provides a system 31 32 and method for an on-line ATM/POS transaction over a 33 public access network external from the on-line ATM/POS transaction system. 34 35

Typically, on-line ATM/POS transactions are only

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1 performed at sources that are directly connected to the 2 on-line ATM/POS transaction system through a hard-3 wired, direct connection to an on-line ATM/POS service 4 provider, such as financial institution 22. 5 wired, direct connection is typically a private 6 telephone line that is leased from the service provider 7 or from the ATM/POS network provider. For example, ATM's and merchant POS terminals are directly connected 8 to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system. As such, 9 access to the on-line ATM/POS network is generally 10 restricted to these sources. 11 12 13 In contrast, the present invention is a system that provides on-line ATM/POS transaction capability 14 15 over a public access network or open network, such as 16 the Internet. The rise in commerce being performed 17 over public access networks with no direct connections to, or that are external from, the on-line ATM/POS 18 system has created a new point-of-sale. One example of 19 such a new point of sale is a personal computer 20 connected to the Internet. These new points-of-sale, 21 22 however, are outside of the current paradigm for 23 connection to the on-line ATM/POS system. As a result, reliable and secure methods for performing an on-line 24 ATM/POS transaction from these new POS sources are 25 26 lacking. Therefore, the present invention beneficially 27 allows a consumer the convenience of utilizing checking 28 or savings account funds in an on-line ATM/POS 29 transaction from a source that is remote from the online ATM/POS system, such as the Internet, thereby 30 resulting in an external ATM/POS transaction that is 31 32 on-line and in real time. 33 34 As used herein, the term "purchaser" refers to an entity that is exchanging value for a good, a service 35 or for other value. The purchaser is the owner of, or 36

rightfully has access to, the savings or checking 1 account that comprises the funds or value utilized by 2 the purchaser in the transaction. The term "merchant" 3 refers to an entity that is exchanging a good, a 4 service or value for the purchaser's value. 5 the purchaser is on a public access network, such as 6 the Internet, buying items from the merchant. 7 Although, as one skilled in the art will realize, many 8 9 other similar financial transactions may be performed utilizing the present invention. 10 11 Financial transaction instruction 18, as is 12 discussed in more detail below, comprises all of the 13 data necessary to perform an on-line ATM/POS 14 transaction. Typically, this information comprises 15 information concerning the purchaser, the merchant and 16 the transaction. Purchaser information may comprise 17 name identification, a card number used as a source of 18 value for debiting, and a personal identification 19 number (PIN) for authenticating the purchaser for use 20 of the card number. The card number is then cross-21 referenced to an account number within the systems of 22 purchaser's bank. Similarly, merchant information may 23 include name identification, and an account number for 24 crediting with value. Finally, transaction information 25 or purchase order information may comprise the 26 quantities, identification and prices of goods and 27 services, the transaction amount, the transaction date 28 and the transaction time, etc. All of this information 29 is typically contained in purchaser and merchant 30

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Referring to Figs. 2A-2C and 3, a preferred system 10 of the present invention comprises purchaser 12 making a purchase from merchant 14, such as a purchaser accessing a merchant's World Wide Web site with a

payment instructions, as is discussed below.

15 personal computer or other source that is external 1 from, or not directly connected to, the on-line ATM/POS 2 transaction system 24 (Fig. 2, Block 110). Upon 3 placing an order for an item from the site, purchaser 4 12 is presented with a number of payment options (Block 5 112). One of the payment options is to perform the 6 transaction utilizing funds from the purchaser's 7 checking or savings account. Upon selecting this 8 option (Block 114), purchaser 12 is prompted to provide 9 card information 39 (Fig. 3) and security information 10 40 (Fig. 3) to identify and authenticate themself and 11 validate the transaction (Block 116). 12 13 14 Referring to Fig. 3, card information 39 is 15 contained in memory 42 on card 44, such as an ATM, 16 debit and smart card, or is contained within software 46 within memory 48 of computer 50 utilized by 17 18 purchaser 12. Computer 50, such as a personal computer 19 located at the purchaser's home or business, may further comprise a processor 52 and an input/output 54 20 connected to communications network 16. Card 21 22 information 39 may comprise cardholder data 56, such as the name of the cardholder, and card number data 58. 23 Card number data 58 includes a bank identification 24 25 number used to direct the transaction through on-line ATM/POS system 24 (Fig. 1). Further, card number data 26 58 includes a number that is associated with the actual 27 28 savings or checking account number in purchaser's bank

28 to be used to fund the transaction. Also, card information 39 may comprise any other type of data that purchaser's bank 28 may choose to include in memory 42 as allowed by ISO standards. The ATM card comprises a magnetic stripe that holds card information 39, while the smart card contains similar information within an embedded microcomputer. Additionally, security

information 40 comprises a secret number known by the

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cardholder and the card issuer, such as a personal identification number (PIN) 60. PIN 60 is a number that is used by a cardholder to identify themself to their bank to authorize on-line ATM/POS transactions.

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Purchaser 12 may enter card information 39 and security information 40 by placing card 44 into communication with card reader interface 62 of card reader device 64 and by entering PIN 60 into keypad 66 of the card reader device. For example, the purchaser may use a Citibank ATM card and insert it into a magnetic stripe reader/writer device. Alternatively, the purchaser may use a Citibank® Smart Card and insert it into a smart card reader/writer device, such as the PC PAY PC2200 product from Innovonics, Inc. of Phoenix, Arizona. Card reader device 64 may further comprise a processor 68 and a memory 70, including security software 72 comprising encryption algorithms. Security software 72 encrypts card information 39 and security information 40 (Block 116) according to ATM/POS network standards, which currently comprise encrypting the data according to the Data Encryption Standard (DES). DES is a symmetric encryption method where financial institution 22 (Fig. 1) holds the decryption key. Although, as one skilled in the art will realize, many other encryption methods may be utilized. Card reader device 64 forwards the encrypted card information 39 and security information 40 to computer 50, which may also add other information to form purchaser payment instructions 15 (Block 118). Purchaser payment instructions 15 may comprise many other instructions, such as purchase order information including the quantity and price of the good/service and purchaser's transaction amount, delivery information, authorization to add shipping costs up to a specified limit, authorizations to make payment in a foreign currency

while debiting the account in U.S. dollars, etc.

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Additionally, secure mechanism 74 is an security 3 method utilized to protect purchaser payment 4 instructions 15 in the transfer to merchant 14 or any 5 other entity (Block 120) over communications network 6 Secure mechanism 74 provides integrity assurance, 7 verifying that purchaser payment instructions 15 have 8 not been altered, and also allows financial institution 9 22 to confirm the identity of purchaser 12. 10 example, secure mechanism 74 may comprise one or a 11 combination of the following operations on purchaser 12 payment instructions 15: symmetric encryption, 13 asymmetric encryption, a purchaser's verifiable digital 14 signature and a verifiable digital certificate. 15 Although, as one skilled in the art will realize, many 16 17 other security methods may be utilized. Preferably, 18 purchaser payment instructions 15 are digitally signed by purchaser 12. The digital signature of purchaser 12 19 verifies purchaser's identity and that purchaser 20 payment instructions 15 have not been altered. 21 provides a first level of protection for transmitting 22 purchaser payment instructions 15 over communications 23 network 16. A digital certificate may also be used to 24 25 provide verification of the identity of the sender, as well as providing the sender's public key for use in 26 sending an encrypted response back to the sender. 27

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A second level of privacy and protection comprises encrypting the digitally signed purchaser payment instructions 15 before transmission to merchant 14. Depending on the what kind of privacy is required, and between which parties, this second level of privacy provided by secure mechanism 74 may comprise any or a combination of symmetric and asymmetric encryption. For example, purchaser 12 may want or allow merchant 14

to have access to the portion of purchaser payment 1 2 instructions 15 comprising the purchase order 3 information. In this case, then an encryption method is chosen that allows merchant 14 and financial institution 22 the ability to decrypt this portion of 6 purchaser payment instructions 15. In this case, 7 however, financial institution 22 is still the only 8. party able to decrypt the encrypted card information 39 and security information 40 within purchaser payment 9 10 instructions 15. Alternatively, purchaser 12 may 11 encrypt the digitally signed purchase payment 12 instructions 15 in such as way so that decryption of 13 the whole purchaser payment instructions 15 may be 14 performed only by financial institution 22. secure mechanism 74 provides a first level of 15 protection with the digital signature, and a further 16 level of protection and privacy with encryption of the 17 digitally signed purchaser payment instructions 15. 18 19 Therefore, purchaser 12 provides merchant 14 with 20 purchaser payment instructions 15 that comprise optionally encrypted, digitally signed and DES 21 encrypted card information 39 and security information 22 40 utilized in an on-line ATM/POS transaction. 23 24 25 Merchant 14 appends merchant payment instructions 26 17 to purchaser payment instructions 15 to form financial transaction instructions 18 (Block 122). 27 Merchant payment instructions 17 may comprise 28 29 information identifying merchant's bank 34 and 30 merchant's deposit account number for crediting, as 31 well as other similar merchant information related to the transaction. Merchant payment instructions 17 may 32 33 also include purchase order information including 34 merchant's transaction amount, merchant identification 35 information, the currency to be utilized, etc. Secure mechanism 76 (Fig. 1) is utilized to protect the 36

1 transmission of financial transaction instructions 18, 2 comprising the secure mechanism 74 protected purchaser 3 payment instructions 15 and merchant payment 4 instructions 17, over communications network 20. 5 Secure mechanism 76, similar to secure mechanism 74, 6 provides integrity assurance by verifying that financial transaction instructions 18 have not been 7 altered, and also allows financial institution 22 to 8 9 confirm the identity of merchant 14. For example, 10 secure mechanism 76 may comprise one or a combination of the following operations on financial transaction 11 12 instructions 18: symmetric encryption, asymmetric 13 encryption, a purchaser's verifiable digital signature 14 and a verifiable digital certificate. Although, as one skilled in the art will realize, many other security 15 16 methods may be utilized. Preferably, financial 17 transaction instructions 18 are digitally signed by merchant 14. The digital signature of merchant 14 18 verifies merchant's identity and that financial 19 transaction instructions 18 have not been altered. 20 This provides a first level of protection for 21 22 transmitting financial transaction instructions 18 over communications network 20. Since there may be no 23 24 relationship between merchant 14 and financial institution 22, a digital certificate may also be used 25 26 to provide verification of the identity of merchant 14, as well as providing the merchant's public key for use 27 in sending an encrypted response back to the merchant. 28 29 30 A second level of privacy and protection comprises 31 encrypting the digitally signed financial transaction instructions 18 before transmission to financial 32 institution 22. Since the digital signature of 33 34 financial transaction instructions 18 that includes 35 merchant payment instructions 17, such as the 36 merchant's account number, leaves the merchant payment

instructions in the clear, the merchant may have a 1 strong motivation to further protect the privacy of the 2 transaction. To further increase security, all or a 3 portion of financial transaction instructions 18 may be 4 encrypted by merchant 14 with a key preferably known 5 only by the merchant and financial institution 22. 6 Thus, similar to purchaser payment instructions 15, 7 financial transaction instructions 18 are protected by 8 secure mechanism 76 (Fig. 1) and transferred through 9 communications network 20 to financial institution 22 10 (Block 124). 11 12 Financial institution 22 receives the protected 13 financial transaction instructions 18 and decrypts them 14 (Block 126). Financial institution 22 then validates 15 financial transaction instructions 18, as well as 16

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insuring that purchase order information, purchaser's and merchant's transaction amount and other information utilized in performing the transaction is in agreement between purchaser 12 and merchant 14. As mentioned above, the present invention advantageously does not require any type of account relationship between purchaser 12, merchant 14 and financial institution 22. The purchaser 12 and/or merchant 14 only need to exchange keys with financial institution 22 for encryption/decryption purposes. Financial institution 22 then reformats card information 39 and security information 40 into transaction request 26 that meets the standard for an on-line ATM/POS transaction. Transaction request 26 is routed through and processed by on-line ATM/POS transaction system 24 (Block 128). Typically, transaction request 26 is required to be sent in an encrypted format over on-line ATM/POS network 24 according to set standards. For example, financial institution 22 such as Citibank may route transaction request 26 through Citishare, Citibank's

ATM/POS network interface. Financial institution 22 1 and on-line ATM/POS transaction system 24 thus treat 2 transaction request 26 as if it were an electronic 3 transaction initiated at a merchant POS terminal, an 4 ATM terminal or some other similar source directly 5 connected to on-line ATM/POS transaction system 24. By 6 formatting transaction request 26 as a typical on-line 7 ATM/POS transaction, the present invention allows 8 9 financial transaction instructions 18 to be universally accepted by existing on-line ATM/POS financial 10 transaction networks. Thus, the settlement of 11 financial transaction instructions 18 follows the 12 standard procedure which is used for typical on-line 13 14 ATM/POS transactions. 15 16 Purchaser's bank 28 decrypts (if necessary) 17 transaction request 26 and verifies purchaser's card 18 information 39 and security information 40. Additionally, purchaser's bank 28 performs a number of 19 other checks, such to determine whether or not the card 20 is stolen, the account is blocked, etc. Purchaser's 21 22 bank 28 then approves or disapproves the transaction on-line and in real time, as it would any other on-line 23 ATM/POS transaction initiated at an ATM or a merchant 24 location (Block 130). Purchaser's bank 28 makes an 25 approval/disapproval decision by determining if the 26 account associated with card information 39 has 27 28 sufficient funds to cover the transaction amount identified in transaction request 26. If approved, 29 30 then the transaction amount is reserved from the identified account so that it is not available for 31 later transactions. Purchaser's bank sends the 32 33 approval/disapproval information in response message 30 to financial institution 22 through on-line ATM/POS 34 transaction system 24 (Block 132). Financial 35 36 institution 22 then sends authorization message 32 back

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to merchant 14 in real time (Block 134). The term "real time" preferably means a time in the range of about seconds to about minutes, although it could be longer. Preferably, the time period from initialization of the transaction to the merchant receiving authorization message 32 is real time. If approved, financial institution 22 initiates a credit, using traditional payment systems such as ACH system 38, to merchant's account at merchant's bank 34 in accordance with the instructions contained in merchant's payment instructions 17 (Block 136). The settlement of financial transaction instruction 18 typically occurs at the end of the business day of the transaction, as purchaser's account is debited and merchant's account is credited. Thus, with real time verified funding and confidence of a payment, a merchant is able to respond within minutes to an order over the Internet comprising a low cost financial transaction presented by a purchaser on a personal computer utilizing checking or savings account funds (Block 138).

Referring to Figs. 4A-4C, an e-mail method for performing an on-line ATM/POS transaction similar to that in Figs. 3A-3C is described. Rather than the transaction being performed over a World Wide Web site, however, in Figs. 4A-4C the transaction is performed via e-mail. As such, the initiation of the transaction is somewhat different. In performing an on-line ATM/POS transaction using e-mail, the purchaser accesses payment software in their computer that allows them to utilize their checking and savings account in an e-mail payment transaction (Block 210). The software allows order information to be associated with a selected payment option (Block 212). Once the appropriate account is selected (Block 214), the remainder of the method (Blocks 216-238) is basically

the same as the method in Figs. 3A-3C except that communications network 16 (Fig. 1) between purchaser and merchant and/or communications network 20 (Fig. 1) between merchant and financial institution is preferably e-mail.

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7 The present invention advantageously allows any 8 consumer with a valid ATM card or smart card, issued by 9 any financial institution anywhere in the world, to 10 utilize their checking or savings account from a personal computer in an on-line ATM/POS transaction 11 12 over the Internet. Because the present invention provides a financial transaction instruction that can 13 be utilized with existing on-line ATM/POS transaction 14 systems, the option to perform a checking or savings 15 account transaction over the Internet is available to 16 anyone with a hardware device capable of reading 17 information from an ATM card or smart card and the 18 software to securely send the information over a public 19 20 access network to a financial institution providing access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system. 21 22 present invention allows any consumer having a valid 23 ATM card or smart card to perform an electronic financial transaction instruction, regardless of 24 whether or not their financial institution offers this 25 26 service. Therefore, the availability of Internet transactions involving checking and savings accounts is 27 28 dramatically expanded to all consumers having ATM or 29 smart cards.

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Additionally, the present system may also be utilized for numerous other transactions involving checking or savings accounts. For example, the present system may be advantageously utilized to electronically pay bills, transfer money between individuals, and to perform business to business payments using the World

Wide Web, e-mail and all of the other Internet protocols.

Although the invention has been described with reference to these preferred embodiments, other embodiments can achieve the same results. Variations and modifications of the present invention will be apparent to one skilled in the art and the following claims are intended to cover all such modifications and equivalents.

Claims

What is claimed is:

1. A method of performing a financial transaction between a purchaser and a merchant, comprising:

creating an electronic financial transaction instruction for performing an on-line ATM/POS transaction over a first public access network, the financial transaction instruction comprising card information, security information and transaction amount information suitable for performing the on-line ATM/POS transaction, wherein the card information and security information are encrypted according to ATM/POS transaction system standards;

including card number data suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with the card information, wherein the card number data is associated with a checking or savings account in purchaser's bank for funding the on-line ATM/POS transaction;

including personal identification number data suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with the security information, wherein the personal identification number data is associated with the card number data to identify the purchaser and authorize use of the card number data; and

protecting the financial transaction instruction for transmission over the first public access network by utilizing a first secure mechanism, wherein the first secure mechanism provides verification of the identity of the purchaser and the integrity of the financial transaction instruction.

 2. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 1, wherein creating the financial transaction instruction is performed on a personal

1 computer external from the on-line ATM/POS transaction 2 system. 3 A method of performing a financial transaction 5 as recited in claim 2, wherein the first secure 6 mechanism provides at least a first level of protection 7 comprising performing an operation on the financial 8 transaction instruction to provide verification of the 9 identity of the purchaser and the integrity of the 10 financial transaction instruction while leaving all of 11 the financial transaction instruction in the clear 12 except for the encrypted card information and security 13 information. 14 15 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 3, wherein the first level of 16 17 protection comprises digitally signing the financial 18 transaction instruction with the digital signature of 19 the purchaser. 20 A method of performing a financial transaction 21 as recited in claim 3, wherein the first level of 22 protection comprises appending a digital certificate of 23 the purchaser to the financial transaction instruction. 24 25 26 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 2, wherein the first secure 27 28 mechanism comprises encrypting the financial 29 transaction instruction. 30 31 7. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 3, wherein the first secure 32

transaction instruction for secure transmission over 36 the first public access network.

mechanism further comprises a second level of protection including encrypting the financial

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1 A method of performing a financial transaction 2 as recited in claim 7, wherein the encrypting the 3 financial transaction for the second level of 4 protection comprises encrypting in a manner decryptable 5 by the merchant. 6 7 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 7, wherein the encrypting the 8 9 financial transaction for the second level of 10 protection comprises encrypting in a manner decryptable 11 by a financial institution providing access to the on-12 line ATM/POS transaction system. 13 14 A method of performing a financial 15 transaction as recited in claim 7, further comprising 16 transmitting the financial transaction instruction to a financial institution providing access to the on-line 17 18 ATM/POS transaction system. 19 20 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 10, further comprising 21 decrypting and verifying the financial transaction 22 23 instruction and creating an on-line ATM/POS transaction 24 request utilizing the card information, security information and transaction amount information. 25 26 27 A method of performing a financial 28 transaction as recited in claim 11, wherein the financial institution performs the decrypting and 29 30 verifying of the financial transaction instruction and 31 the creating the on-line ATM/POS transaction request. 32 33 13. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 11, further comprising 34 transmitting the transaction request to purchaser's 35

bank over the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

1 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 13, further comprising 2 3 transmitting an authorization message indicating the approval status of the transaction request. 4 5 A method of performing a financial 6 transaction as recited in claim 3, further comprising 7 transmitting the financial transaction instruction to 8 the merchant over the first public access network. 9 10 11 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 15, wherein the first 12 public access network is the Internet. 13 14 A method of performing a financial 15 transaction as recited in claim 16, wherein the 16 Internet protocol is the World Wide Web. 17 18 A method of performing a financial 19 20 transaction as recited in claim 16, wherein the 21 Internet protocol is electronic mail. 22 A method of performing a financial 23 transaction as recited in claim 15, further comprising 24 appending merchant payment instructions to the 25 financial transaction instruction. 26 27 A method of performing a financial 28 transaction as recited in claim 19, further comprising 29 protecting the financial transaction instruction for 30 transmission over a second public access network by 31 utilizing a second secure mechanism, wherein the second 32 secure mechanism provides verification of the identity 33 of the merchant and the integrity of the financial 34

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transaction instruction.

1	21. A method of performing a financial
2	transaction as recited in claim 20, wherein the second
3	secure mechanism provides at least a first type of
4	protection comprising performing an operation on the
5	financial transaction instruction to provide
6	verification of the identity of the purchaser and the
7	integrity of the financial transaction instruction
8	while leaving all of the financial transaction
9	instruction in the clear except for the encrypted card
10	information and security information.
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12	22. A method of performing a financial
13	transaction as recited in claim 21, wherein the first
14	type of protection comprises digitally signing the
15	financial transaction instruction with the digital
16	signature of the merchant.
17	
18	23. A method of performing a financial
19	transaction as recited in claim 21, wherein the first
20	type of protection comprises appending a digital
21	certificate of the merchant to the financial
22	transaction instruction.
23	
24	24. A method of performing a financial
25	transaction as recited in claim 20, wherein the second
26	secure mechanism comprises encrypting the financial
27	transaction instruction.
28	
29	25. A method of performing a financial
30	transaction as recited in claim 21, wherein the second
31	secure mechanism further includes a second type of
32	protection comprising encrypting the financial
33	transaction instruction for secure transmission over
34	the second public access network.
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26. A method of performing a financial

1 transaction as recited in claim 25, wherein the 2 encrypting the financial transaction for the second 3 type of protection comprises encrypting in a manner 4 decryptable by a financial institution providing access 5 to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system. 6 7 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 25, further comprising 8 9 transmitting the financial transaction instruction to a financial institution providing access to the on-line 10 11 ATM/POS transaction system 12 13 28. A method of performing a financial 14 transaction as recited in claim 27, further comprising decrypting and verifying the financial transaction 15 instruction and creating an on-line ATM/POS transaction 16 17 request utilizing the card information, security 18 information and transaction amount information. 19 20 29. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 28, wherein the 21 22 financial institution performs the decrypting and 23 verifying of the financial transaction instruction and the creating the on-line ATM/POS transaction request. 24 25 26 30. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 27, further comprising 27 28 transmitting the transaction request to purchaser's bank over the on-line ATM/POS transaction system. 29 30 31 A method of performing a financial 32 transaction as recited in claim 30, further comprising 33 transmitting to the merchant an authorization message indicating the approval status of the transaction 34 35 request. 36

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32. A method of performing a financial transaction between a purchaser and a merchant, comprising:

creating an electronic financial transaction instruction for performing an on-line ATM/POS transaction over a first public access network, the financial transaction instruction comprising card information, security information and transaction amount information suitable for performing the on-line ATM/POS transaction, wherein the card information and security information are encrypted according to ATM/POS transaction system standards;

including card number data suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with the card information, wherein the card number data is associated with a checking or savings account in purchaser's bank for funding the on-line ATM/POS transaction;

including personal identification number data suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with the security information, wherein the personal identification number data is associated with the card number data to identify the purchaser and authorize use of the card number data; and

protecting the financial transaction instruction for transmission over the first public access network by utilizing a first secure mechanism, wherein the first secure mechanism comprises a first level of protection and a second level of protection, wherein the first level of protection comprises performing an operation on the financial transaction instruction to provide verification of the identity of the purchaser and the integrity of the financial transaction instruction while leaving all of the financial transaction instruction in the clear except for the encrypted card information and security information, and wherein the second level of protection comprises

1 encrypting the financial transaction instruction for 2 secure transmission over the first public access 3 network. A method of performing a financial 5 transaction as recited in claim 32, wherein creating 6 7 the financial transaction instruction is performed on a 8 personal computer external from the on-line ATM/POS 9 transaction system. 10 11 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 33, wherein the first 12 13 public access network is the Internet. 14 15 35. A method of performing a financial 16 transaction as recited in claim 34, wherein the 17 Internet protocol is the World Wide Web. 18 . . . 19 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 34, wherein the 20 21 Internet protocol is electronic mail. 22 23 A method of performing a financial 24 transaction as recited in claim 33, wherein the first 25 level of protection comprises digitally signing the 26 financial transaction instruction with the digital 27 signature of the purchaser. 28 29 A method of performing a financial 30 transaction as recited in claim 33, wherein the first level of protection comprises appending a digital 31 32 certificate of the purchaser to the financial 33 transaction instruction. 34 35

A method of performing a financial

transaction as recited in claim 33, further comprising

transmitting the financial transaction instruction to a 1 2 financial institution providing access to the on-line 3 ATM/POS transaction system. 4 5 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 39, further comprising 6 decrypting and verifying the financial transaction 7 instruction and creating an on-line ATM/POS transaction 8 9 request utilizing the card information, security 10 information and transaction amount information. 11 12 A method of performing a financial 13 transaction as recited in claim 40, further comprising 14 transmitting the transaction request to purchaser's 15 bank over the on-line ATM/POS transaction system. 16 17 A method of performing a financial 18 transaction as recited in claim 41, further comprising transmitting an authorization message indicating the 19 20 approval status of the transaction request. 21 22 A method of performing a financial 23 transaction between a purchaser and a merchant, 24 comprising: 25 creating an electronic purchaser payment 26 instruction for performing an on-line ATM/POS 27 transaction over a first public access network, the 28 purchaser payment instruction comprising card 29 information, security information and transaction 30 amount information suitable for performing the on-line 31 ATM/POS transaction, wherein the card information and

including card number data suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with the card information, wherein the card number data is associated with a

transaction system standards;

security information are encrypted according to ATM/POS

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checking or savings account in purchaser's bank for funding the on-line ATM/POS transaction;

including personal identification number data suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with the security information, wherein the personal identification number data is associated with the card number data to identify the purchaser and authorize use of the card number data;

protecting the purchaser payment instruction for transmission over the first public access network by utilizing a first secure mechanism, wherein the first secure mechanism comprises a first level of protection and a second level of protection, wherein the first level of protection comprises performing an operation on the purchaser payment instruction to provide verification of the identity of the purchaser and the integrity of the purchaser payment instruction while leaving all of the purchaser payment instruction in the clear except for the encrypted card information and security information, and wherein the second level of protection comprises encrypting the purchaser payment instruction for secure transmission over the first public access network;

appending merchant payment instructions to the purchaser payment instruction to form a financial transaction instruction; and

protecting the financial transaction instruction for transmission over a second public access network by utilizing a second secure mechanism, wherein the second secure mechanism provides verification of the identity of the merchant and the integrity of the financial transaction instruction.

44. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 43, wherein creating the financial transaction instruction is performed on a

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personal computer external from the on-line ATM/POS 1 2 transaction system. 3 4 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 44, wherein the first 5 6 public access network and the second public access 7 network is the Internet. 8 9 A method of performing a financial 10 transaction as recited in claim 45, wherein the 11 Internet protocol is the World Wide Web. 12 13 A method of performing a financial 14 transaction as recited in claim 45, wherein the 15 Internet protocol is electronic mail. 16 17 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 43, wherein the first 18 19 level of protection comprises digitally signing the 20 financial transaction instruction with the digital signature of the purchaser. 21 22 23 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 43, wherein the first 24 25 level of protection comprises appending a digital 26 certificate of the purchaser to the financial 27 transaction instruction. 28 29 A method of performing a financial 30 transaction as recited in claim 43, wherein the second 31 secure mechanism provides at least a first type of protection comprising performing an operation on the 32 financial transaction instruction to provide 33 verification of the identity of the purchaser and the 34 35 integrity of the financial transaction instruction

while leaving all of the financial transaction

instruction in the clear except for the encrypted card 1 information and security information. 2 3 51. A method of performing a financial 4 transaction as recited in claim 50, wherein the first 5 type of protection comprises digitally signing the 6 financial transaction instruction with the digital 7 8 signature of the merchant. 9 A method of performing a financial 10 transaction as recited in claim 50, wherein the first 11 type of protection comprises appending a digital 12 certificate of the merchant to the financial 13 transaction instruction. 14 15 A method of performing a financial 16 transaction as recited in claim 43, wherein the second 17 secure mechanism comprises encrypting the financial 18 transaction instruction. 19 20 A method of performing a financial 21 transaction as recited in claim 50, wherein the second 22 secure mechanism further includes a second type of 23 protection comprising encrypting the financial 24 transaction instruction for secure transmission over 25 the second public access network. 26 27 A method of performing a financial 28 transaction as recited in claim 54, wherein the 29 encrypting the financial transaction for the second 30 type of protection comprises encrypting in a manner 31 decryptable by a financial institution providing access 32 to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system. 33 34

56. A method of performing a financial

transaction as recited in claim 43, further comprising

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transmitting the financial transaction instruction to a financial institution providing access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

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 57. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 56, further comprising decrypting and verifying the financial transaction instruction and creating an on-line ATM/POS transaction request utilizing the card information, security information and transaction amount information.

58. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 57, further comprising transmitting the transaction request to purchaser's bank over the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

59. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 58, further comprising transmitting an authorization message indicating the approval status of the transaction request.

60. A system for a purchaser to perform a financial transaction, comprising:

a financial institution having access to an online ATM/POS transaction system for performing said
financial transaction as an on-line ATM/POS
transaction, said financial institution receiving an
electronic financial transaction instruction in a first
secured format from said purchaser sent over an
electronic public access network, said financial
transaction instruction comprising encrypted card
information and security information, wherein said card
information comprises identification of a checking or
savings account held by said purchaser to be debited in
said financial transaction and wherein said security
information comprises a personal identification number

known by said purchaser to authorize the use of said card information in said on-line ATM/POS transaction, and wherein said first secured format of said financial transaction instruction guarantees the identity of said purchaser and the integrity of said financial transaction instruction.

1	Am ndm nts t the claims hav b en fil d as foll ws
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3	What is claimed is:
4	1. A method of performing a financial transaction
5	between a purchaser and a merchant, comprising:
6	creating an electronic financial transaction
7	instruction for performing an on-line ATM/POS
8	transaction over a first public access network, the
9	financial transaction instruction comprising card
10	information, security information and transaction
11	amount information suitable for performing the on-line
12	ATM/POS transaction, wherein the card information and
13	security information are encrypted according to ATM/POS
14	transaction system standards and delivered from the
15	purchaser to the merchant;
16	including card number data suitable for use in an
17	on-line ATM/POS transaction with the card information,
18	wherein the card number data is associated with a
19	checking or savings account in purchaser's bank for
20	funding the on-line ATM/POS transaction;
21	including personal identification number data
22	suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with
23	the security information, wherein the personal
24	identification number data is associated with the card
25	number data to identify the purchaser and authorize use
26	of the card number data; and
27	protecting the financial transaction instruction
28	for transmission over the first public access network
29	by utilizing a first secure mechanism, wherein the
30	first secure mechanism provides verification of the
31	identity of the purchaser and the integrity of the
32	financial transaction instruction.
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34	2. A method of performing a financial transaction
35	as recited in claim 1, wherein creating the financial
36	transaction instruction is performed on a personal

computer external from the on-line ATM/POS transaction 1 2 system. 3 A method of performing a financial transaction 4 5 as recited in claim 2, wherein the first secure mechanism provides at least a first level of protection 6 7 comprising performing an operation on the financial 8 transaction instruction to provide verification of the 9 identity of the purchaser and the integrity of the 10 financial transaction instruction while leaving all of the financial transaction instruction in the clear 11 12 except for the encrypted card information and security 13 information. 14 15 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 3, wherein the first level of 16 protection comprises digitally signing the financial 17 transaction instruction with the digital signature of 18 19 the purchaser. 20 21 A method of performing a financial transaction 22 as recited in claim 3, wherein the first level of 23 protection comprises appending a digital certificate of 24 the purchaser to the financial transaction instruction. 25 26 A method of performing a financial transaction 27 as recited in claim 2, wherein the first secure 28 mechanism comprises encrypting the financial 29 transaction instruction.

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7. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 3, wherein the first secure mechanism further comprises a second level of protection including encrypting the financial transaction instruction for secure transmission over the first public access network.

A method of performing a financial transaction 1 as recited in claim 7, wherein the encrypting the 2 3 financial transaction for the second level of protection comprises encrypting in a manner decryptable 4 5 by the merchant. 6 7 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 7, wherein the encrypting the 8 financial transaction for the second level of 9 protection comprises encrypting in a manner decryptable 10 by a financial institution providing access to the on-11 12 line ATM/POS transaction system. 13 14 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 7, further comprising 15 transmitting the financial transaction instruction to a 16 17 financial institution providing access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system. 18 19 20 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 10, further comprising 21 22 decrypting and verifying the financial transaction 23 instruction and creating an on-line ATM/POS transaction 24 request utilizing the card information, security 25 information and transaction amount information. 26 27 A method of performing a financial 28 transaction as recited in claim 11, wherein the financial institution performs the decrypting and 29 30 verifying of the financial transaction instruction and 31 the creating the on-line ATM/POS transaction request. 32 33 13. A method of performing a financial

transaction as recited in claim 11, further comprising

transmitting the transaction request to purchaser's

bank over the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

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A method of performing a financial 1 2 transaction as recited in claim 13, further comprising transmitting an authorization message indicating the 3 approval status of the transaction request. 15. A method of performing a financial 7 transaction as recited in claim 3, further comprising 8 transmitting the financial transaction instruction to 9 the merchant over the first public access network. 10 11 A method of performing a financial 12 transaction as recited in claim 15, wherein the first 13 public access network is the Internet. 14 15 A method of performing a financial 16 transaction as recited in claim 16, wherein the 17 Internet protocol is the World Wide Web. 18 19 18. A method of performing a financial 20 transaction as recited in claim 16, wherein the 21 Internet protocol is electronic mail. 22 23 A method of performing a financial 24 transaction as recited in claim 15, further comprising 25 appending merchant payment instructions to the 26 financial transaction instruction. 27 28 A method of performing a financial 29 transaction as recited in claim 19, further comprising 30 protecting the financial transaction instruction for 31 transmission over a second public access network by 32 utilizing a second secure mechanism, wherein the second 33 secure mechanism provides verification of the identity 34 of the merchant and the integrity of the financial 35 transaction instruction.

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1	21. A method of performing a financial
2	transaction as recited in claim 20, wherein the second
3	secure mechanism provides at least a first type of
4	protection comprising performing an operation on the
5	financial transaction instruction to provide
6	verification of the identity of the purchaser and the
7	integrity of the financial transaction instruction
8	while leaving all of the financial transaction
9	instruction in the clear except for the encrypted card
10	information and security information.
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12	22. A method of performing a financial
13	transaction as recited in claim 21, wherein the first
14	type of protection comprises digitally signing the
15	financial transaction instruction with the digital
16	signature of the merchant.
17	
18	23. A method of performing a financial
19	transaction as recited in claim 21, wherein the first
20	type of protection comprises appending a digital
21	certificate of the merchant to the financial
22	transaction instruction.
23	
24	24. A method of performing a financial
25	transaction as recited in claim 20, wherein the second
26	secure mechanism comprises encrypting the financial
27	transaction instruction.
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29	25. A method of performing a financial
30	transaction as recited in claim 21, wherein the second
31	secure mechanism further includes a second type of
32	protection comprising encrypting the financial
33	transaction instruction for secure transmission over
34	the second public access network.
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36	26. A method of performing a financial

transaction as recited in claim 25, wherein the 1 encrypting the financial transaction for the second 2 type of protection comprises encrypting in a manner 3 decryptable by a financial institution providing access 4 5 to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system. 6 7 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 25, further comprising 8 9 transmitting the financial transaction instruction to a 10 financial institution providing access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system 11 12 13 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 27, further comprising 14 decrypting and verifying the financial transaction 15 16 instruction and creating an on-line ATM/POS transaction request utilizing the card information, security 17 information and transaction amount information. 18 19 20 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 28, wherein the 21 financial institution performs the decrypting and 22 23 verifying of the financial transaction instruction and 24 the creating the on-line ATM/POS transaction request. 25 26 30. A method of performing a financial 27 transaction as recited in claim 27, further comprising transmitting the transaction request to purchaser's 28 29 bank over the on-line ATM/POS transaction system. 30 31 31. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 30, further comprising 32 transmitting to the merchant an authorization message 33 34 indicating the approval status of the transaction

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request.

32. A method of performing a financial transaction between a purchaser and a merchant, comprising:

creating an electronic financial transaction instruction for performing an on-line ATM/POS transaction over a first public access network, the financial transaction instruction comprising card information, security information and transaction amount information suitable for performing the on-line ATM/POS transaction, wherein the card information and security information are encrypted according to ATM/POS transaction system standards;

including card number data suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with the card information, wherein the card number data is associated with a checking or savings account in purchaser's bank for funding the on-line ATM/POS transaction;

including personal identification number data suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with the security information, wherein the personal identification number data is associated with the card number data to identify the purchaser and authorize use of the card number data; and

protecting the financial transaction instruction for transmission over the first public access network by utilizing a first secure mechanism, wherein the first secure mechanism comprises a first level of protection and a second level of protection, wherein the first level of protection comprises performing an operation on the financial transaction instruction to provide verification of the identity of the purchaser and the integrity of the financial transaction instruction while leaving all of the financial transaction instruction in the clear except for the encrypted card information and security information, and wherein the second level of protection comprises

encrypting the financial transaction instruction for secure transmission over the first public access network.					
3 network.					
4					
5 33. A method of performing a financial					
transaction as recited in claim 32, wherein creating					
the financial transaction instruction is performed on a					
8 personal computer external from the on-line ATM/POS					
9 transaction system.					
10					
11 34. A method of performing a financial					
12 transaction as recited in claim 33, wherein the first					
public access network is the Internet.					
14					
15 35. A method of performing a financial					
16 transaction as recited in claim 34, wherein the					
17 Internet protocol is the World Wide Web.					
18	_				
19 36. A method of performing a financial					
transaction as recited in claim 34, wherein the					
21 Internet protocol is electronic mail.					
22	•				
23 37. A method of performing a financial	,				
24 transaction as recited in claim 33, wherein the first	•				
level of protection comprises digitally signing the	•				
26 financial transaction instruction with the digital					
27 signature of the purchaser.					
28					
38. A method of performing a financial					
transaction as recited in claim 33, wherein the first					
level of protection comprises appending a digital					
32 certificate of the purchaser to the financial					
33 transaction instruction.					
34					
35 39. A method of performing a financial					
transaction as recited in claim 33, further comprising					

transmitting the financial transaction instruction to a financial institution providing access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

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40. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 39, further comprising decrypting and verifying the financial transaction instruction and creating an on-line ATM/POS transaction request utilizing the card information, security information and transaction amount information.

41. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 40, further comprising transmitting the transaction request to purchaser's bank over the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

42. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 41, further comprising transmitting an authorization message indicating the approval status of the transaction request.

43. A method of performing a financial transaction between a purchaser and a merchant, comprising:

 creating an electronic purchaser payment instruction for performing an on-line ATM/POS transaction over a first public access network, the purchaser payment instruction comprising card information, security information and transaction amount information suitable for performing the on-line ATM/POS transaction, wherein the card information and security information are encrypted according to ATM/POS transaction system standards;

including card number data suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with the card information, wherein the card number data is associated with a



checking or savings account in purchaser's bank for funding the on-line ATM/POS transaction;

including personal identification number data suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with the security information, wherein the personal identification number data is associated with the card number data to identify the purchaser and authorize use of the card number data;

protecting the purchaser payment instruction for transmission over the first public access network by utilizing a first secure mechanism, wherein the first secure mechanism comprises a first level of protection and a second level of protection, wherein the first level of protection comprises performing an operation on the purchaser payment instruction to provide verification of the identity of the purchaser and the integrity of the purchaser payment instruction while leaving all of the purchaser payment instruction in the clear except for the encrypted card information and security information, and wherein the second level of protection comprises encrypting the purchaser payment instruction for secure transmission over the first public access network;

appending merchant payment instructions to the purchaser payment instruction to form a financial transaction instruction; and

protecting the financial transaction instruction for transmission over a second public access network by utilizing a second secure mechanism, wherein the second secure mechanism provides verification of the identity of the merchant and the integrity of the financial transaction instruction.

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44. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 43, wherein creating the financial transaction instruction is performed on a



personal computer external from the on-line ATM/POS 1 transaction system. 2 3 A method of performing a financial 4 transaction as recited in claim 44, wherein the first 5 public access network and the second public access 6 7 network is the Internet. 8 A method of performing a financial 9 10 transaction as recited in claim 45, wherein the Internet protocol is the World Wide Web. 11 12 47. A method of performing a financial 13 14 transaction as recited in claim 45, wherein the 15 Internet protocol is electronic mail. 16 17 48. A method of performing a financial 18 transaction as recited in claim 43, wherein the first 19 level of protection comprises digitally signing the 20 financial transaction instruction with the digital 21 signature of the purchaser. 22 23 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 43, wherein the first 24 level of protection comprises appending a digital 25 certificate of the purchaser to the financial 26 27 transaction instruction. 28 A method of performing a financial 29 50. transaction as recited in claim 43, wherein the second 30 secure mechanism provides at least a first type of 31 32 protection comprising performing an operation on the 33 financial transaction instruction to provide verification of the identity of the purchaser and the 34 35 integrity of the financial transaction instruction

while leaving all of the financial transaction

1 instruction in the clear except for the encrypted card 2 information and security information. 3 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 50, wherein the first 5 6 type of protection comprises digitally signing the 7 financial transaction instruction with the digital signature of the merchant. 8 9 A method of performing a financial 10 11 transaction as recited in claim 50, wherein the first type of protection comprises appending a digital 12 certificate of the merchant to the financial 13 transaction instruction. 14 15 16 53. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 43, wherein the second 17 18 secure mechanism comprises encrypting the financial transaction instruction. 19 20 A method of performing a financial 21 transaction as recited in claim 50, wherein the second 22 secure mechanism further includes a second type of 23 protection comprising encrypting the financial 24 transaction instruction for secure transmission over 25 26 the second public access network. 27 A method of performing a financial 28 transaction as recited in claim 54, wherein the 29 encrypting the financial transaction for the second 30 type of protection comprises encrypting in a manner 31 decryptable by a financial institution providing access 32 to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system. 33 34 A method of performing a financial 35 36 transaction as recited in claim 43, further comprising

1 transmitting the financial transaction instruction to a financial institution providing access to the on-line 2 ATM/POS transaction system. 3 5 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 56, further comprising 7 decrypting and verifying the financial transaction instruction and creating an on-line ATM/POS transaction 8 request utilizing the card information, security 9 information and transaction amount information. 10 11 12 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 57, further comprising 13 transmitting the transaction request to purchaser's 14 bank over the on-line ATM/POS transaction system. 15 16 17 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 58, further comprising 18 transmitting an authorization message indicating the 19 approval status of the transaction request. 20 21 22 A system for a purchaser to perform a financial transaction, comprising: 23 24 a financial institution having access to an on-25 line ATM/POS transaction system for performing said financial transaction as an on-line ATM/POS 26 transaction, said financial institution receiving an 27 28 electronic financial transaction instruction in a first secured format from said purchaser sent over an 29 electronic public access network, said financial 30 transaction instruction comprising encrypted card 31 information and security information, wherein said card 32 information comprises identification of a checking or 33 34 savings account held by said purchaser to be debited in said financial transaction and wherein said security 35

information comprises a personal identification number

- known by said purchaser to authorize the use of said card information in said on-line ATM/POS transaction, and wherein said first secured format of said financial transaction instruction guarantees the identity of said purchaser and the integrity of said financial transaction instruction.
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Databases searched:

UK Patent Office collections, including GB, EP, WO & US patent specifications, in:

UK Cl (Ed.Q): G4T (TBX)

Int Cl (Ed.6): G06F (17/60), G07F (7/10), G07G (1/14)

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Documents considered to be relevant:

Category	Identity of documen	Relevant to claims	
X	EP 0385400 A2	(ATALLA) see whole document.	1, 32
x	WO 95/26085 A1	(INNOVONICS) see whole document.	1-7, 15-18, 32-36, 43- 49
X, P	US 5809143	(HUGHES) see whole document.	1-7, 9-14, 32-42, 60.
X	US 5351296	(NIOBRARA) see whole document.	1, 32

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